

## Problem Set #7

Due: Friday, 4 March 2016

**1.** Let  $n = 3$ . Define an inner product on  $\mathbb{R}[x]_{\leq n}$  by

$$\langle f, g \rangle := \int_{-1}^1 \frac{f(x)g(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx.$$

(a) Apply the Gram-Schmidt procedure to the basis  $(1, x, \dots, x^n)$  to produce an orthonormal basis  $(e_0(x), \dots, e_n(x))$  of  $\mathbb{R}[t]_{\leq n}$ .  
 (b) For  $0 \leq j \leq n$  consider the operator  $D_j \in \text{End}(\mathbb{R}[t]_{\leq n})$  defined by

$$D_j(f) = (1-x^2)f''(x) - xf'(x) + j^2f(x).$$

Show that  $\text{span}(e_j(x)) = \text{Ker}(D_j)$ .

*Hint.* For  $1 \leq j \leq 6$ , use a computer algebra system to compute the integrals

$$I_j := \int_{-1}^1 \frac{x^j}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx.$$

**2.** Let  $T \in \text{End}(V)$  satisfy  $T^2 = T$ .

(a) Prove that  $V = \text{Ker}(T) \oplus \text{Im}(T)$ .  
 (b) Suppose that  $\|Tv\| \leq \|v\|$  for all  $v \in V$ . Prove that  $T$  is an orthogonal projection.

*Hint.* Use Question #1 from Problem Set #6 and part (a) to establish part (b).

**3.** Give  $\mathbb{R}^4$  the inner product

$$\langle (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4), (y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4) \rangle = 2x_1y_1 + 2x_2y_2 + x_3y_3 + x_4y_4.$$

Let  $U = \text{span}((1, 0, 1, 1), (3, 2, -1, -1))$  and let  $P_U$  be the orthogonal projection onto  $U$ . Find a matrix  $A$  satisfying

$$P_U(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = A \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{for all } (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \in \mathbb{R}^4.$$